# High-NA Endomicroscopic Imaging Objective for 2-Photon Microscopy

GRINTECH's high-NA Endomicroscopic Imaging Objectives cascade the optical power of a plano-convex lens and a GRIN lens with aberration compensation to achieve an object NA of 0.8.

#### Product Code: GT-MO-080-018-810

- Features: . Object NA = 0.80
  - Object working distance 200  $\mu$ m (water)
  - Image NA = 0.18

**Diffraction limited NA versus Field** 

0,8

0.7

<u>₽</u>0,6 

<sup>ijp</sup>0,4

. 0,3 ▼ 0,2

working distance in water [µm]

205

200

195

700 750

0,3

0,1

0,0

0

10

20

(from optical design simulation according to Marechal

criterion @ 810 nm, wavefront RMS  $\leq$  0.07  $\lambda$ )

**Chromatic Aberration in Object Space** 

30

radial object field height [µm]

850 900 950 1000

λ [nm]

800

40

50

- Magnification 4.8 x
- Recommended Excitation 800 900 nm
- Mounted in stainless steel holder

#### Product Code: GT-MO-080-0415-810

Features: • Object NA = 0.80

GRIN

Object working distance 200  $\mu$ m (water)

TECH

Gradient Index Optics Technology

- Image NA = 0.415
- Magnification 1.92 x
- Recommended Excitation 800 900 nm

Object NA = 0.8

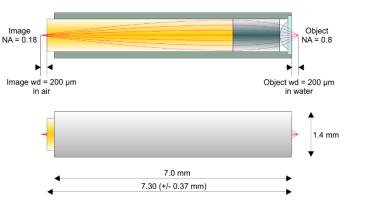
1.4 mm

50

Object wd = 200 µm

in water

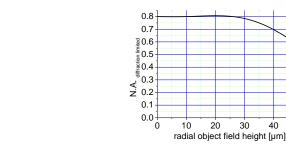
Mounted in stainless steel holder



## **Diffraction limited NA versus Field**

3.30 mm

3.71 mm (+/- 0.19 mm)



Image

NA = 0.415

٠

Image wd = 100 µm

in air

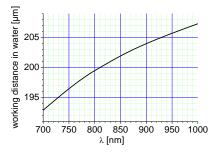
(from optical design simulation according to Marechal criterion @ 810 nm, wavefront RMS  $\leq$  0.07  $\lambda$ )

30

40

20

### **Chromatic Aberration in Object Space**



Variations due to modifications of the production process are possible. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose. For tolerances, handling and storage see page 26

Pat. US 7,511,891

In vivo endomicroscopy, 2-photon microscopy, deep brain and tissue imaging, flexible fluorescence microscopy, Applications: NA conversion



# **Tolerances / Handling Instructions**

#### **Tolerances:**

For of our single lenses we have the following fabrication tolerances and quality criteria:

Tolerances:		Surface quality:
lens length zı:	$\pm$ 5% due to variations of the gradient constant	5 / 3 x 0.025; L 3 x 0.005; E 0
working distance s	± 0.02 mm (only LFRL- and CFRL lens series)	(defined by DIN ISO 10110-7:2000-02).
diameter d:	+ 0 / -0.01 mm	The surface quality is defined within 90 % of the lens diameter.
	<ul> <li>tighter diameter tolerances on request</li> </ul>	Outside of this area defects are allowed.

#### **Storage and Handling of Lenses**

#### Storage

GRIN lenses and lens systems should be stored in a dry environment. For short term storage, the plastic box or foam packing in which the lenses are shipped will provide adequate storage.

Recommended storage temperature: -20°C - 80°C.

Storage boxes should ensure that the lenses do not touch each other to prevent chipping and scratches. Best is to use the original box.

### Handling

Lenses should be carefully handled with plastic tweezers, preferably those with a tapered end. Lenses should be picked up out of their individual compartments by firmly holding each on its side cylinder surface (not the polished ends). Especially small sized lenses may stick to the lens box material and can be lost during removal.

#### Cleaning

If it is necessary to clean the lens surfaces due some dust or other contaminant which may impair the optical performance. GRINTECH generally recommends the use of ethyl alcohol as a cleaning solvent, maybe combined with some smooth lintfree lens cleaning tissue.

Acetone may also be used, but it should be pure enough, otherwise it might leave some residue on the lens surface.